



2024 Export Compliance Refresher Course for USA Organizations

Presentation Objective

USA export compliance refresher course for those that previously completed export compliance training



Export Compliance Rock Solid Rule

**Export controlled articles, technical data
and services can only be exported to a
foreign party when approved.**



Export Approval



License, Agreement,
Exemption, or Exception



REGULATORY AGENCIES

U.S. Controlled Export Regulatory Paths



**U.S. Department
of State**

Defense &
Aerospace Related

Commerce & Dual
Use Related

**U.S. Export
Regulatory Paths**

**Defense Trade
Controls (DTC)**

**Bureau of Industry
and Security (BIS)**

Regulatory
Agencies

International
Traffic in Arms
Regulations (ITAR)

Export
Administration
Regulations (EAR)

Regulations

U.S. Munitions
List (USML)

Commerce Control
List (CCL)

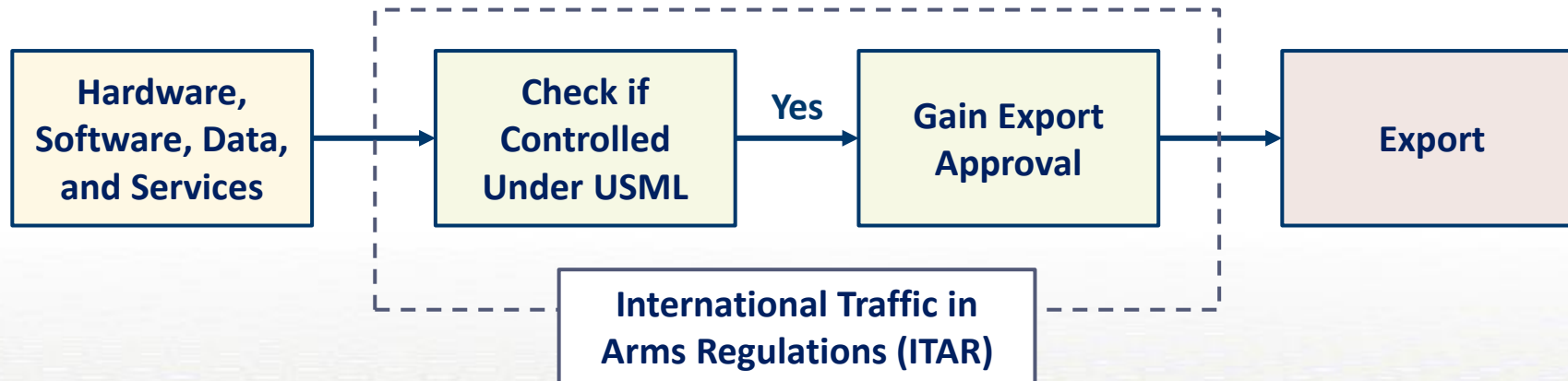
What is Export
Controlled

Export Reform



**U.S. Department
of Commerce**

Defense Related Exports ITAR & USML Overview



The United States Munitions List (USML) - ITAR

- I – Firearms, Close Assault Weapons,...
- II – Guns and Armament
- III – Ammunition/Ordnance
- IV - Launch Vehicles, Missiles,...
- V - Explosives, Propellants, Incendiary Agents and Their Constituents
- VI - Vessels of War and Special Naval Equipment
- VII – Ground Vehicles
- VIII - Aircraft and Related Articles
- IX - Military Training & Equipment
- X - Protective Equipment
- XI - Military Electronics
- XII - Fire Control, Range Finder, Optical and Guidance and Control Equipment



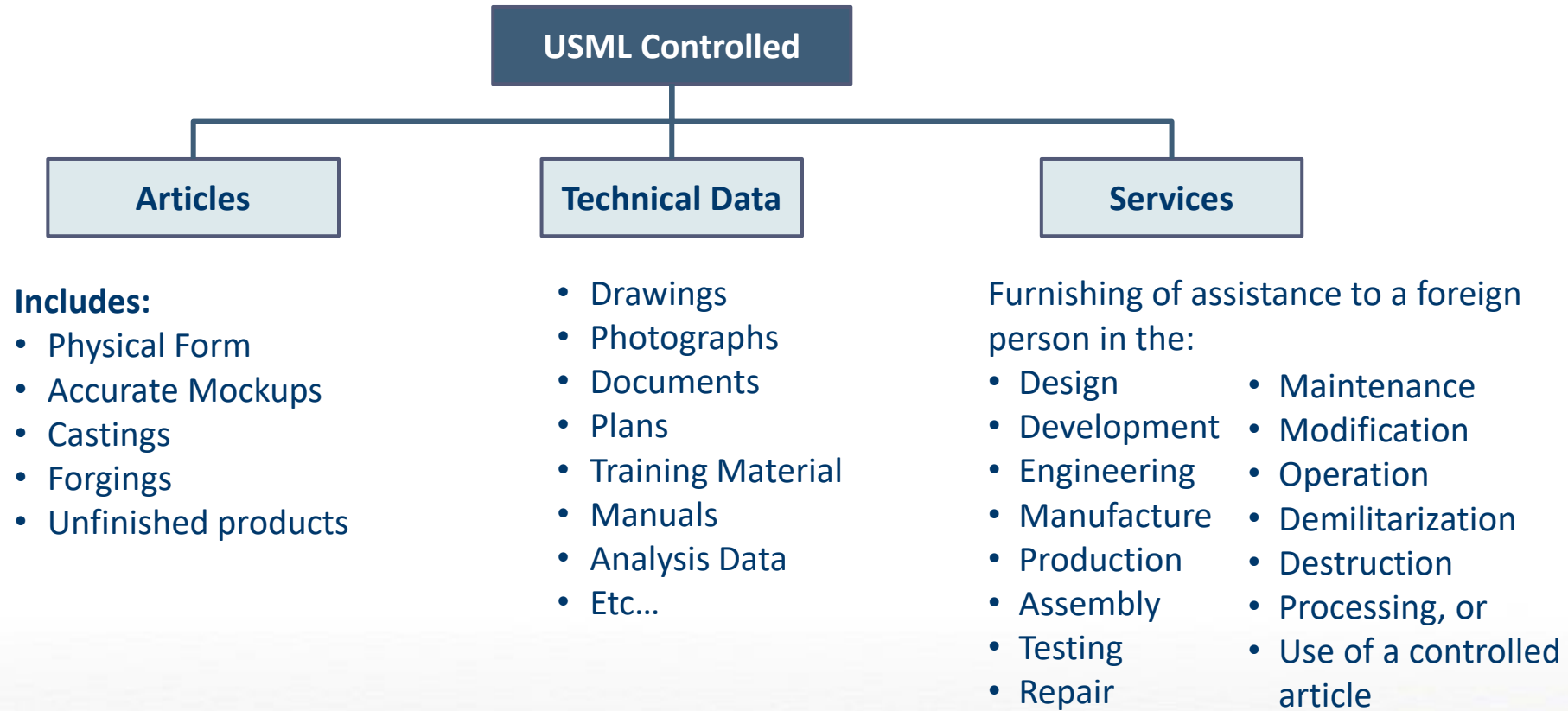
On Aircraft Arresting Gear

(h) Parts, components, accessories, attachments, and associated equipment and systems.

(5) On aircraft arresting gear....

VIII(h)(5)

USML Controlled Items





USML Controlled Special Notes

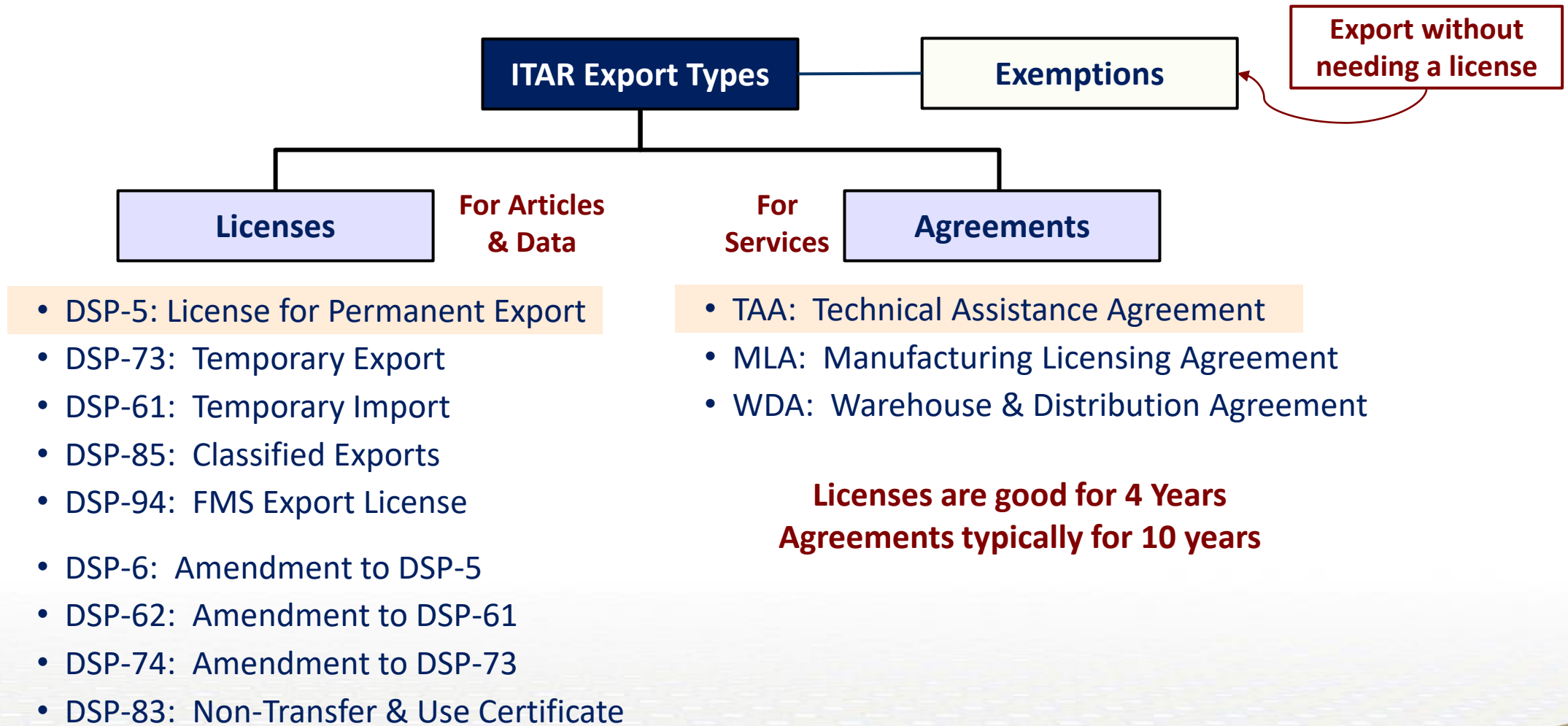
Technical Data is NOT controlled if it is:

- General scientific mathematical, or engineering principles
- Basic marketing information on function and purpose or general system descriptions.

Special Notes:

- Be aware that a commercial article that is modified for defense or aerospace purposes may now be controlled under the ITAR.
- An export occurs if a foreign person determines controlled technical data by viewing an export controlled article.  **Important**
- Anything entering the U.S. automatically falls under U.S. export regulations.  **Important**

Export Authorization Under ITAR



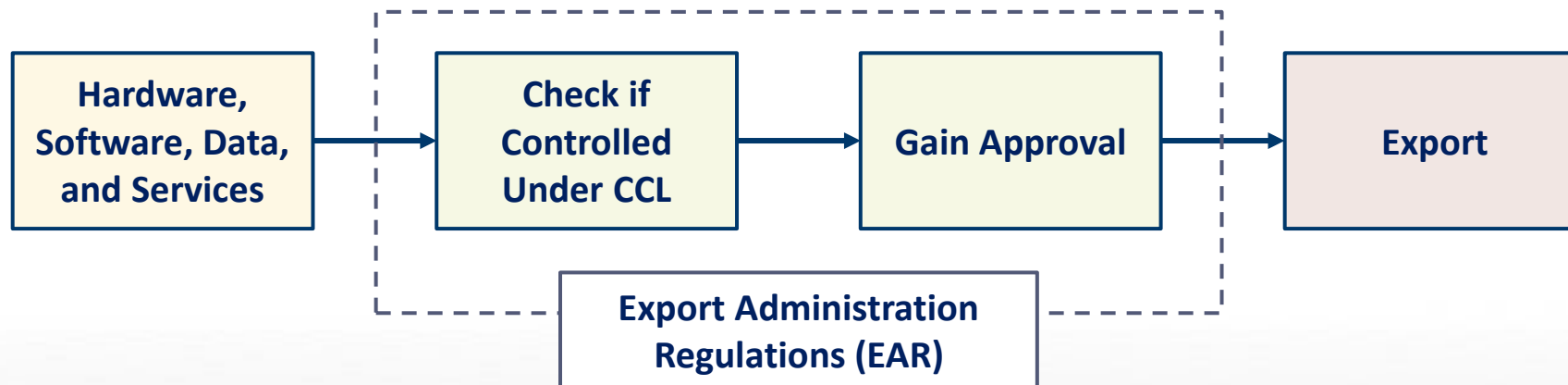
Section Summary

Some insights when working under the ITAR and USML:

- Guard against the onset of ITAR paranoia.
- Make export compliance practices part of your everyday activities.
- Make sure you understand the scope and provisos associate with any export approval you are working under in relation to your interaction with foreign persons.
- Know who is the export compliance point of contact in your organization.
- Ask export compliance question when you have them since the ramifications to your organization could be significant.

Commerce & Dual Use Related Exports

EAR & CCL Overview



Commerce Control List (CCL) – EAR

Category 0 – Nuclear Materials, Facilities, and Equipment (and Miscellaneous Items)

Category 1 – Material, Chemicals, Microorganisms, and Toxins

Category 2 – Materials Processing

Category 3 – Electronics Design, Development and Production

Category 4 – Computers

Category 5, Part 1 – Telecommunications

Category 5, Part 2 – Information Security

Category 6 – Sensors and Lasers

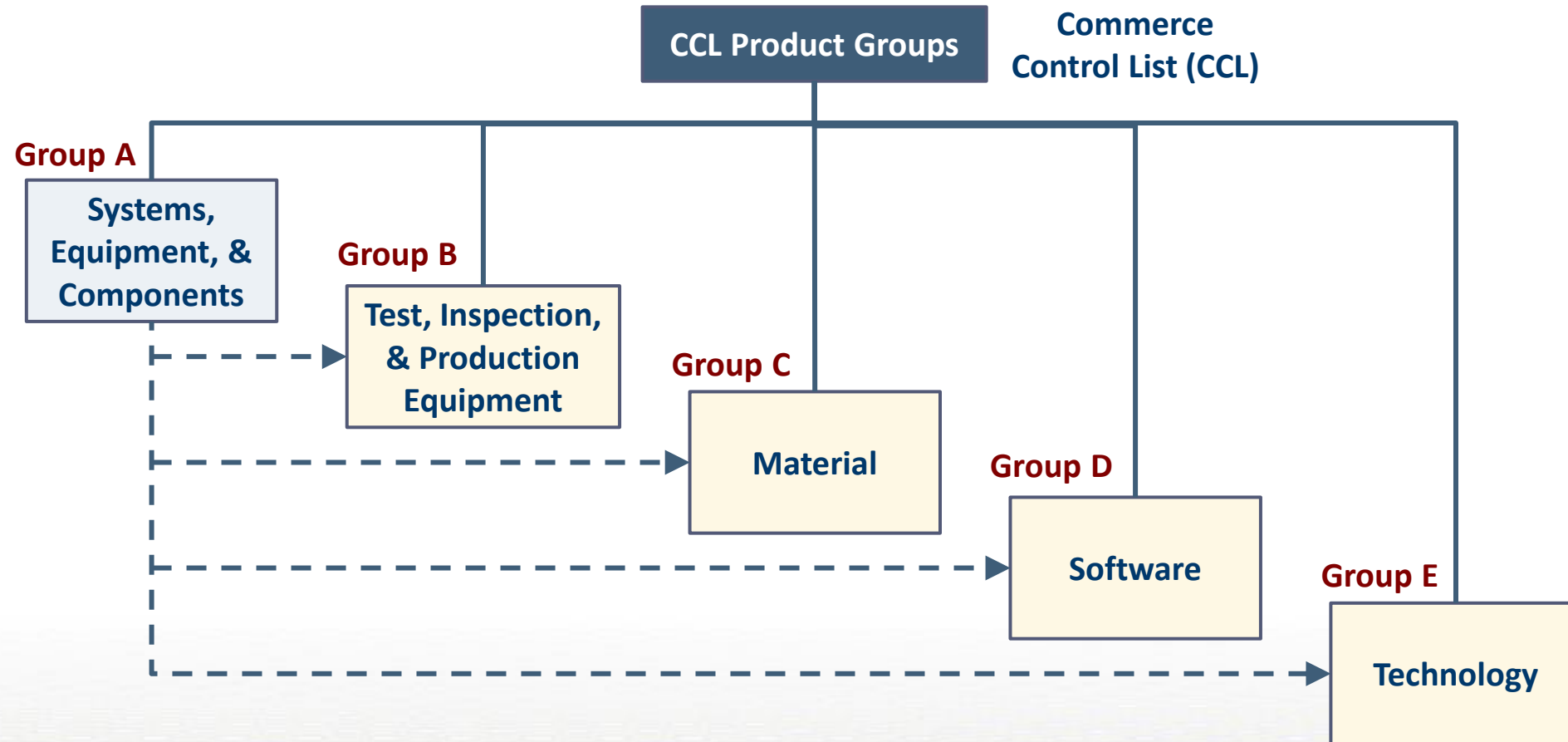
Category 7 – Navigation and Avionics

Category 8 – Marine

Category 9 – Aerospace and Propulsion

**Catch-All Category
for stuff that don't
fit somewhere else**

Commerce Control List Product Groups



Export Control Classification Number (ECCN)

CCL Categories

- 0: Nuclear & Miscellaneous
- 1: Materials, Chemicals, Microorganisms & Toxins
- 2: Materials Processing
- 3: Electronics
- 4: Computers
- 5 (Part 1): Telecommunications
- 5 (Part 2): Information Security
- 6: Sensors & Lasers
- 7: Navigation & Avionics
- 8: Marine
- **9: Aerospace & Propulsion**

Product Groups

- **A:** Systems, Equipment & Components
- B: Test, Inspection & Production Equipment
- C: Material
- D: Software
- E: Technology

Export Control Classification Number (ECCN)

9 = Aerospace & Propulsion

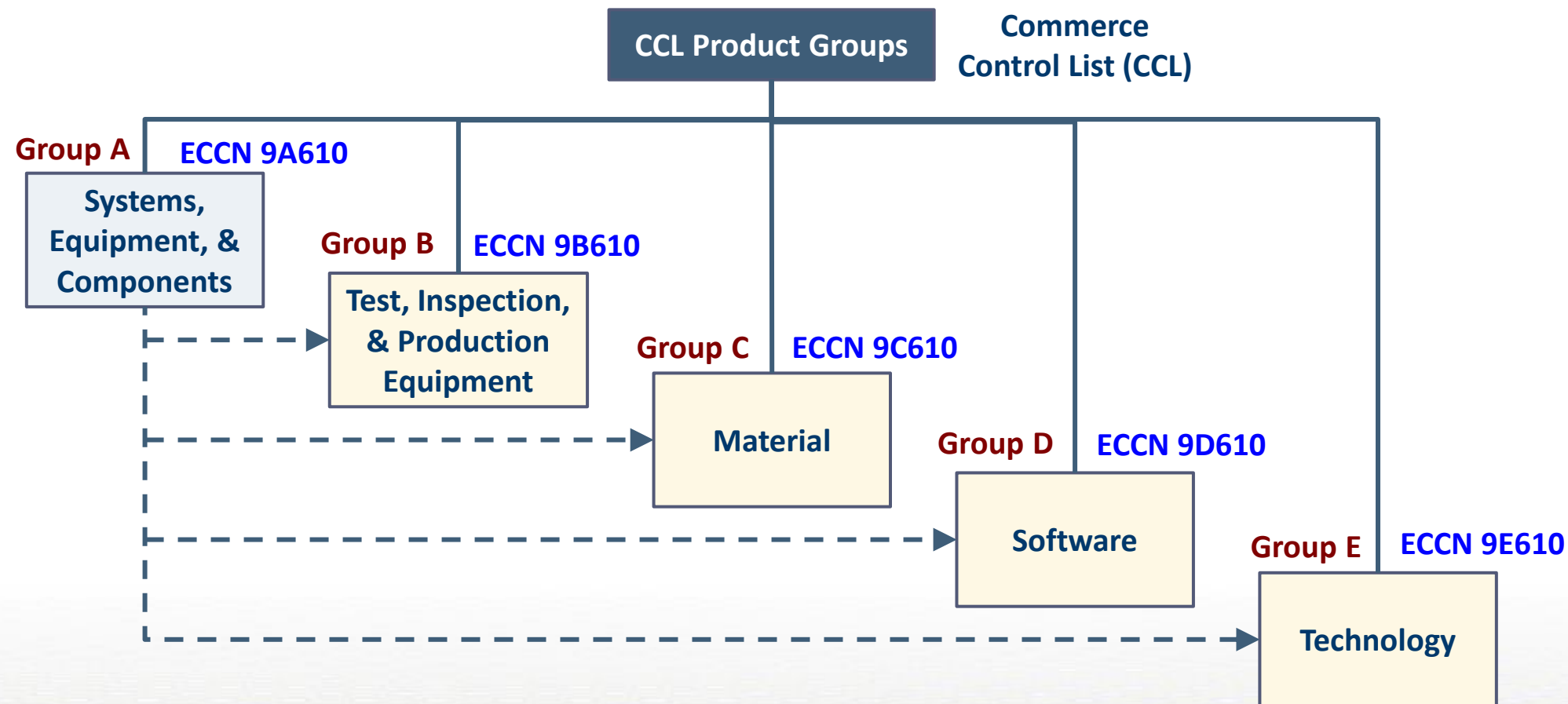
A = Systems, Equipment & Components

610 = Military Aircraft & Related Commodities

g = Aircraft life support equipment

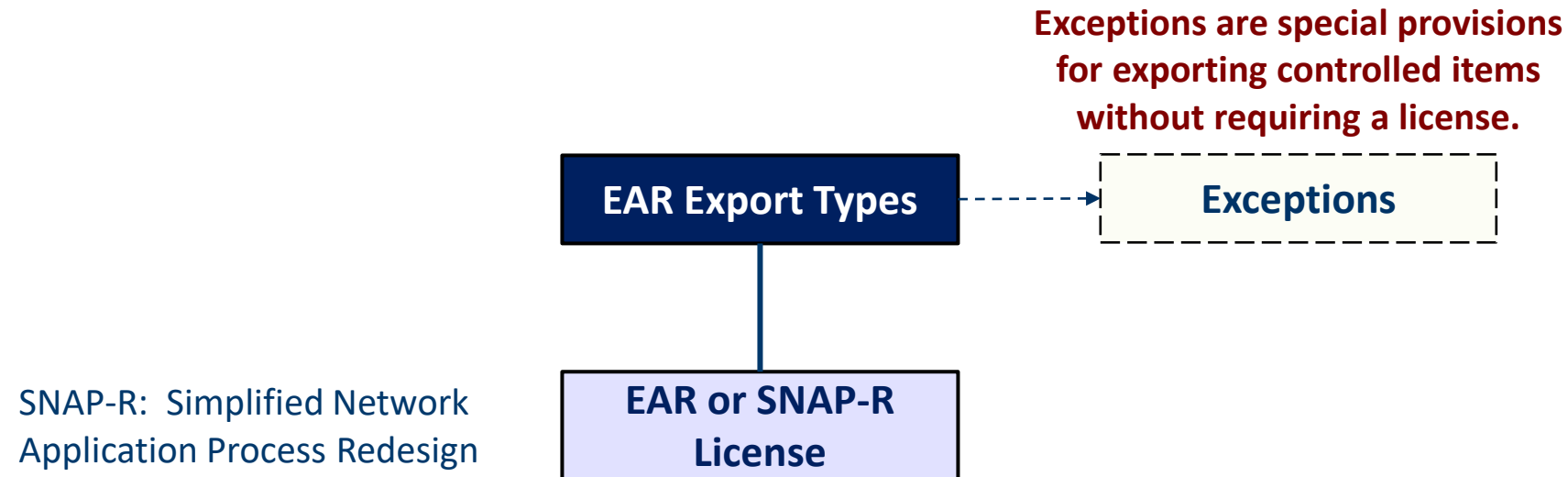
Resultant ECCN is 9A610.g

ECCN Distribution in CCL



Choose Group A first then Groups B, C, D, and E follow under ECCN.

Export Authorization Under EAR



Licenses are typically good for 4 years

Challenge Questions

- Challenge questions are next...
- They are designed to emphasize key points in the training.
- Just a few but you need to get them all correct before continuing.
- Click “Restart Challenge” to try again.
- Additional information is provided at the bottom of each question page.
- A “Click Here to Continue” button will appear upon successful



We call them “Challenge Questions”



ITAR & EAR Updates

www.fullcirclecompliance.eu



Free



ITAR Open General License Pilot Program

Intention: DDTC issued an Open General License (OGL) Pilot Program for Australia, Canada, and the United Kingdom. The intent is to allow retransfers and reexports for certain exports against specific criteria. Details of the OGL requirements can be found on the DDTC FAQ page.

Summary:

- The OGL pilot program will be under evaluation until July 31, 2026.
- OGL's can not be used to export defense articles. Only applies to retransfers and reexports.
- Must comply with ITAR 123.9(b).
- Must be used by or on behalf of the government of Australia, Canada, or the United Kingdom.

Note: The OGLs are designed to support the mission readiness of U.S. allies by facilitating defense trade activity related to the maintenance, repair, and storage of unclassified defense articles deployed or in-inventory rather than supporting new acquisitions or capabilities.

Increase in Civil Monetary Penalties

The allowable civil monetary penalties were increased effective January 11, 2023. A summary of the new amounts are indicated in the following table:

| Citation in 22 CFR | FY22 Max penalties | New (FY 23) max penalties |
|---|--|--|
| § 35.3 | \$12,537 up to \$376,138 | \$13,508 up to \$405,270. |
| § 103.6(a)(1) <i>Prohibited Acts</i> | \$42,163 | \$45,429. |
| § 103.6(a)(2) <i>Recordkeeping Violations</i> | \$8,433 | \$9,086. |
| § 127.10(a)(1)(i) | \$1,272,251 | the greater of \$1,200,000 or the amount that is twice the value of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed. |
| § 127.10(a)(1)(ii) | \$925,041 or five times the amount of the prohibited payment, whichever is greater | \$996,685, or five times the amount of the prohibited payment, whichever is greater. |
| § 127.10(a)(1)(iii) | \$1,101,061 | \$1,186,338. |
| § 138.400 <i>First Offenders</i> | \$21,665 | \$23,343. |
| § 138.400 | \$22,021 up to \$220,213 | \$23,727 up to \$237,268. |

Temporary Modification of Category VIII of USML

Summary: On December 4, 2023 Note (h)(1) to ITAR Category VIII – Aircraft and Related Articles was modified as follows:

Note to paragraph (h)(1): This paragraph does not control parts, components, accessories, and attachments that are common to aircraft, other than the KF-21 and variants thereof, described in paragraph (a) of this category but not identified in paragraph (h)(1), and those identified in paragraph (h)(1). For example, when applying § 120.41(b)(3), a part common to only the F-16 and F-35 is not specially designed for purposes of this paragraph. A part common to only the F-22 and F-35—two aircraft models identified in paragraph (h)(1)—is specially designed for purposes of this paragraph, unless one of the other paragraphs is applicable under § 120.41(b) of this subchapter. Commodities otherwise described in this paragraph that are utilized in the KF-21 are not released from this paragraph due to use in the KF-21.

ITAR Compliance Risk Matrix

Background: DDTC created a document, in September 2023, called the ITAR Compliance Risk Matrix that is available for download at the following location:

https://www.pmddtc.state.gov/ddtc_public/ddtc_public?id=ddtc_public_portal_itar_landing

Select: “How to Comply”

Scroll Down and Select: “DDTC ITAR Risk Matrix”

Comment: We haven’t found it all that helpful, but they like it, so it’s worth a look to see if you can find interesting content.

EAR Note Worthy Items – 1 of 2

- Many new additions to the BIS Entity list associated with China, Iran, Russia, and Belarus.
- Increased control over certain instruments for the automated synthesis of peptides (automated peptide synthesizers) have been identified by BIS as a Section 1758 emerging and foundational technology. In this rule, BIS proposes controls for these automated peptide synthesizers.
- Updates made to the CCL related to nuclear non-proliferation.
- BIS clarified the release of the software final rule to what they intended and adds a clarifying note that a release of software includes either source or object code.
- BIS revised controls on semiconductor manufacturing equipment to more effectively align the protection of the technology to the U.S. national security interests.

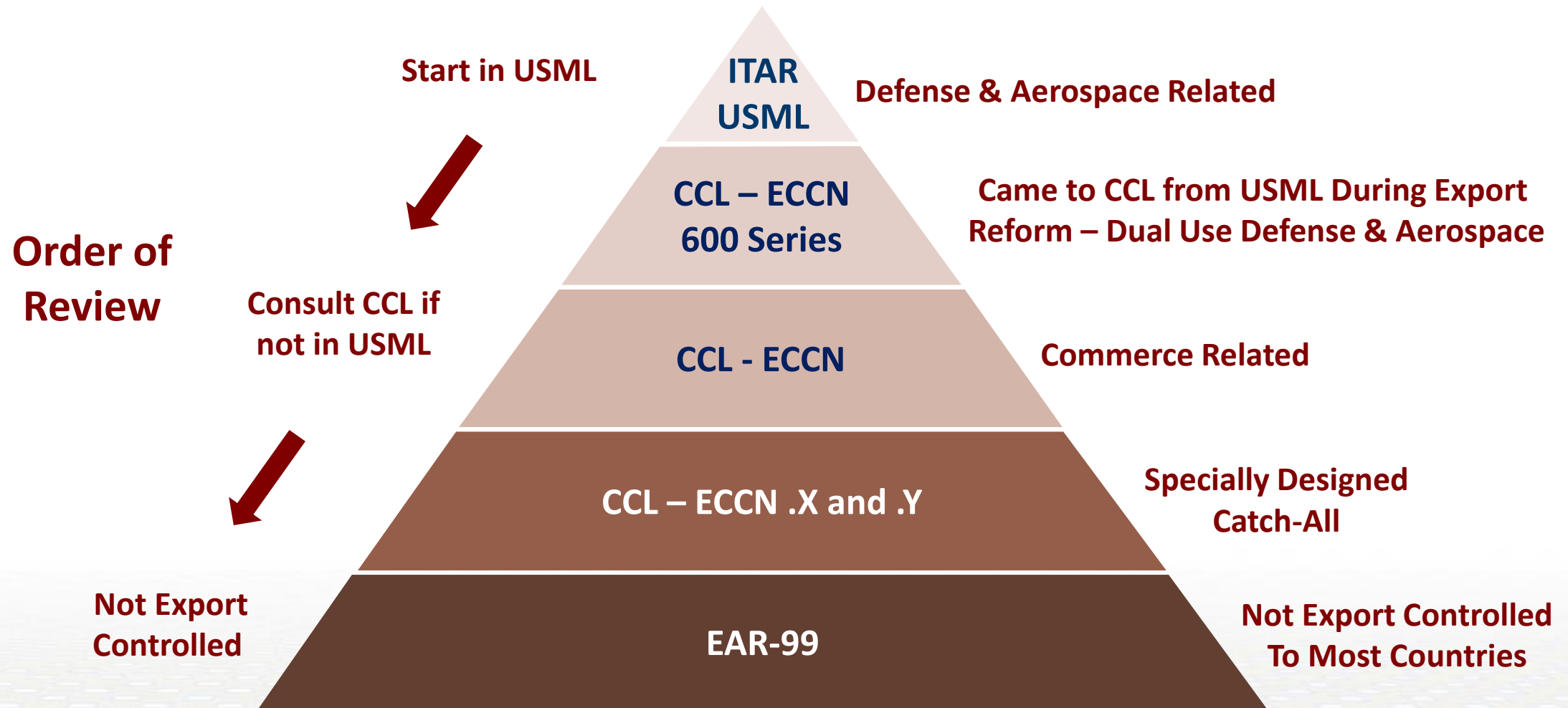
EAR Note Worthy Items – 2 of 2

- BIS amended the EAR to reflect changes to the MTCR Annex. This rule also expands the eligibility for the use of license exceptions under the EAR for MT-controlled items. These changes to license exception eligibility are also being made as part of a broader effort announced today that will liberalize several categories of export licensing requirements and the availability of export license exceptions for key allied and partner countries, as well as for members of certain multilateral export control regimes.
- BIS proposed revising License Exception Strategic Trade Authorization (STA) for the purpose of encouraging additional use of License Exception STA for ally and partner countries. This proposed rule is part of a broader effort that will revise several categories of export licensing requirements and the availability of export license exceptions for key allied and partner countries, as well as for members of certain multilateral export control regimes.

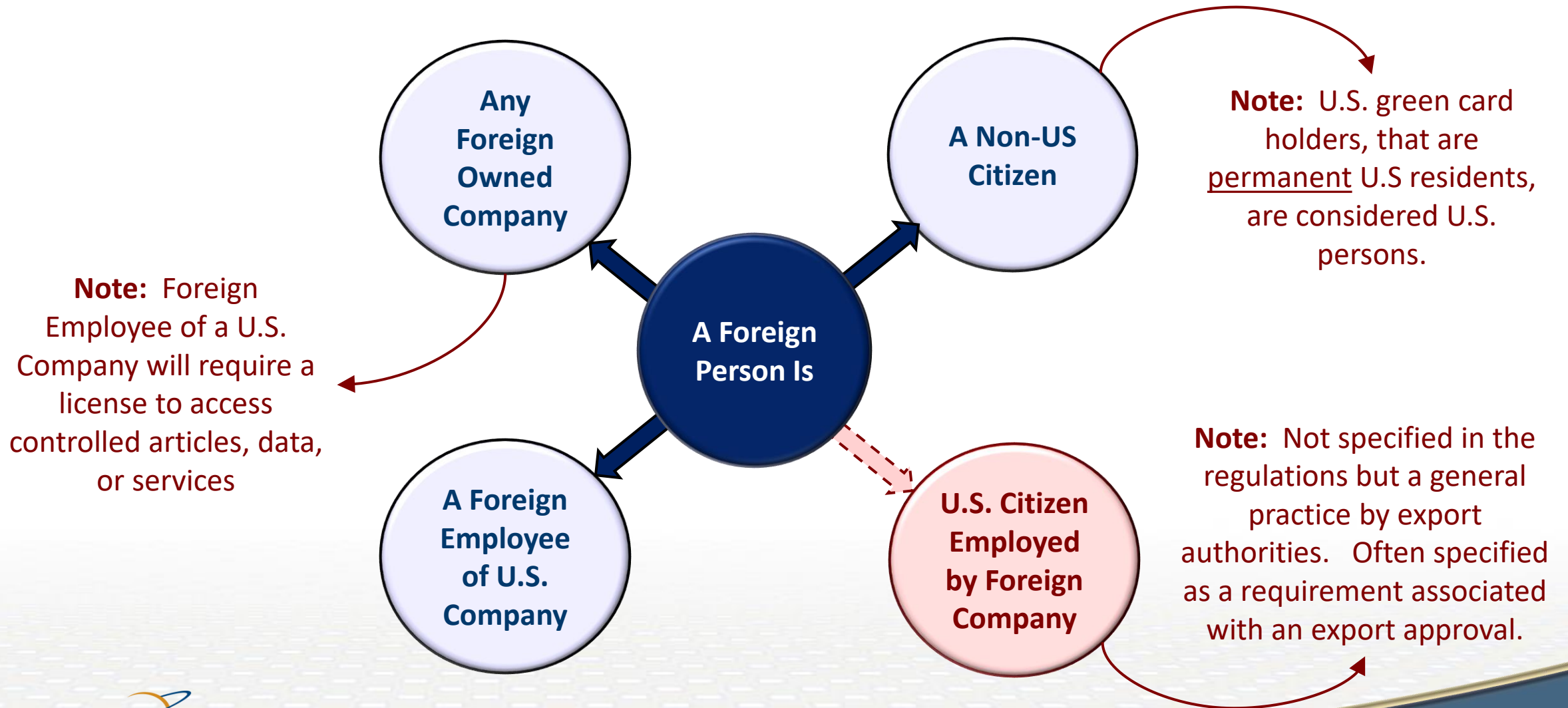
STA Exception Tool Location:
<https://www.bis.doc.gov/index.php/statool>.

Export Compliance

Export Classification Pyramid

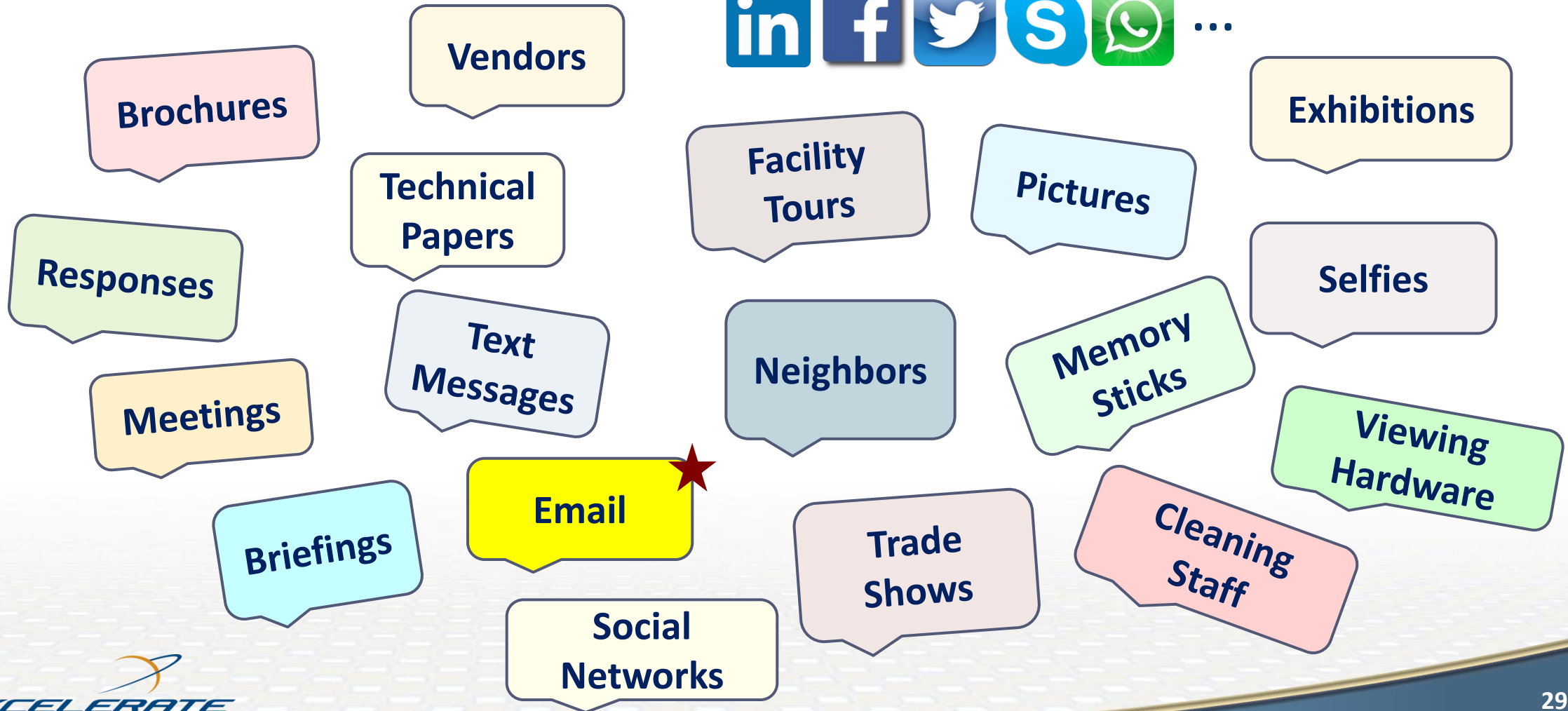


Foreign Person Defined



Be Aware – Many Paths to Export

Social Media



Protecting Technical Data

- No more important responsibility than controlling technical data.
- Remember that data comes in many forms – documents, pictures, etc.
- Secure all digitally stored technical data by encryption.
- Ensure all hardcopy data is not left unattended.
- Properly dispose of controlled data when no longer needed.
- U.S. companies receiving controlled data must be export compliant.
- Understand and follow your organization's export policies and procedures.
- Report potential export violations to your export compliance staff.

What is Public Domain?

- Sales at newsstands and bookstores
- Subscriptions which are available without restriction to any individual
- Through second class mailing privileges granted by the U.S. Government
- At libraries open to the public
- Patents available at any patent office except as defined in 125.2(b).
- Unlimited distribution at a conference, meeting, seminar, trade show or exhibition, generally accessible to the public, in the United States
- Public release (*i.e.*, unlimited distribution) in any form after approval by the cognizant U.S. Government department or agency

Information on the Internet is NOT Automatically Considered Public Domain

Approval Provisos and Conditions

- **Some are Administrative:**
 - “This license expires on ...”
 - “Final USG configuration authorization must be the subject of separate export license application...”
- **Some are technical...**
 - “Software source code may not be offered or discussed”
 - “No US Government threat data can be provided, offered, or discussed”
 - “Simulation data MUST be from the public domain or provided by the end user.”
- **Look out for “death by proviso”**
 - DTC or BIS approval but provisos and conditions limit the export to the point that the export cannot be performed.
 - Typically, this is due to a mistake by DTC or BIS which can be rectified by a proviso or condition reconsideration

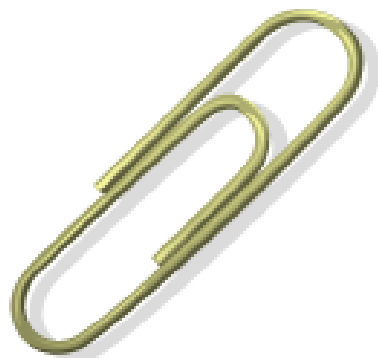
Meetings with Foreign Persons

- Meetings with foreign persons have the same export requirements as any other controlled export of technical data from the U.S.
- Do not disclose export controlled articles, technical data, or services, during the meeting with a foreign person, unless approved to do so.
- Know the limitations of approved agreements or licensing if export controlled topics will be discussed.
- Keep a record of the meeting dates, participants, and topic for your compliance records.
- During the meeting, be careful with leading questions: Use “How are you meeting the requirement?” instead of “Have you considered....?”



Important Stuff

Export Controlled Paper Confinement Tool Marketing



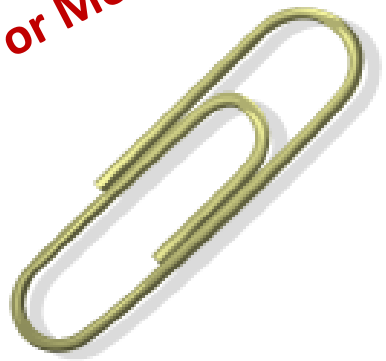
Non-Permanent Paper Binding Apparatus

- Olive Drab (OD) Green
- Made from high quality non-obtainium to reduce IR signature
- Holds 10 sheets of MIL-SPEC-123 paper for 254.3 days
- Dissolves if placed in salt water for 2.3 days
- 17 stacked in a crisscross pattern can stop a BB

| Customers | Other Uses | Specifications |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• US SEAL Team 6• Secret Service• Army Rangers• Navy Cooks• Israeli Forces | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fish Hook• Fidget Toy• Crude Digger• Tiny Poker• Projectile• M16 Tool | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 63.5 x 11.4 x 1.3 mm• Weight: 45 grams• Fastener Tension: 10.1 N• MTBF: 6 months• Max Wind Gust: 4.7 m/s |

Export Controlled Paper Confinement Tool - Modify

Remove or Modify



Non-Permanent Paper Binding Apparatus

- Olive Drab (OD) Green
- Made from high quality ~~non obtainium to reduce IR signature~~
- Holds 10 sheets of MIL-SPEC-123 paper for ~~254.3 days~~
- ~~Dissolves if placed in salt water for 2.3 days~~
- ~~17 stacked in a crisscross pattern can stop a BB~~

Customers

- ~~US SEAL Team 6~~
- ~~Secret Service~~
- ~~Army Rangers~~
- ~~Navy Cooks~~
- ~~Israeli Forces~~

Other Uses

- Fish Hook
- Fidget Toy
- Crude Digger
- Tiny Poker
- Projectile
- ~~M16 Doohickey~~

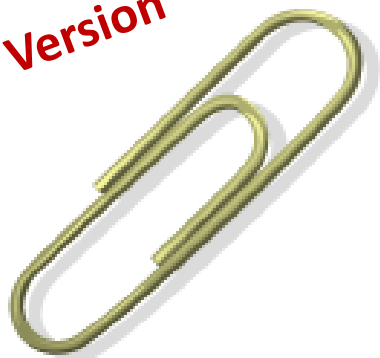
Specifications

- 63.5 x 11.4 x 1.3 mm
- Weight: 45 grams
- ~~Fastener Tension: 10.1 N~~
- ~~MTBF: 6 months~~
- ~~Max Wind Gust: 4.7 m/s~~



Export Controlled Paper Confinement Tool - Marketing Lingo

Revised Version



Non-Permanent Paper Binding Apparatus

- Olive Drab (OD) Green
- High quality construction and material
- Holds 10 sheets of MIL-SPEC-123 paper
- Rugged – the harshest environments
- Reconfigurable for many uses

Customers

- US Army
- US Navy
- Foreign Forces
- Israel MOD
- Many Customers Worldwide

Other Uses

- Fish Hook
- Fidget Toy
- Crude Digger
- Tiny Poker
- Many Military Applications

Specifications

- 63.5 x 11.4 x 1.3 mm
- Weight: 45 grams
- Holds tight for long periods
- 400% longer product life
- Positive retention in worst conditions



Technology Control Plan (TCP)

- Compliance processes and procedures
- TCP governs interaction with foreign party's
- Provides guidance to company personnel
- ITAR and EAR regulations take precedent over TCP
- Management must be familiar with implementation of TCP.

Your responsibility is to understand and abide by the contents of your organizations TCP.

- Management Commitment
- Compliance Personnel
- Awareness Training
- Export Control Labeling
- Distribution Control
- Secure Storage
- Technical Data Access
- Foreign Person Meetings
- Foreign Travel
- Service Providers & Subcontractors
- Voluntary Disclosures

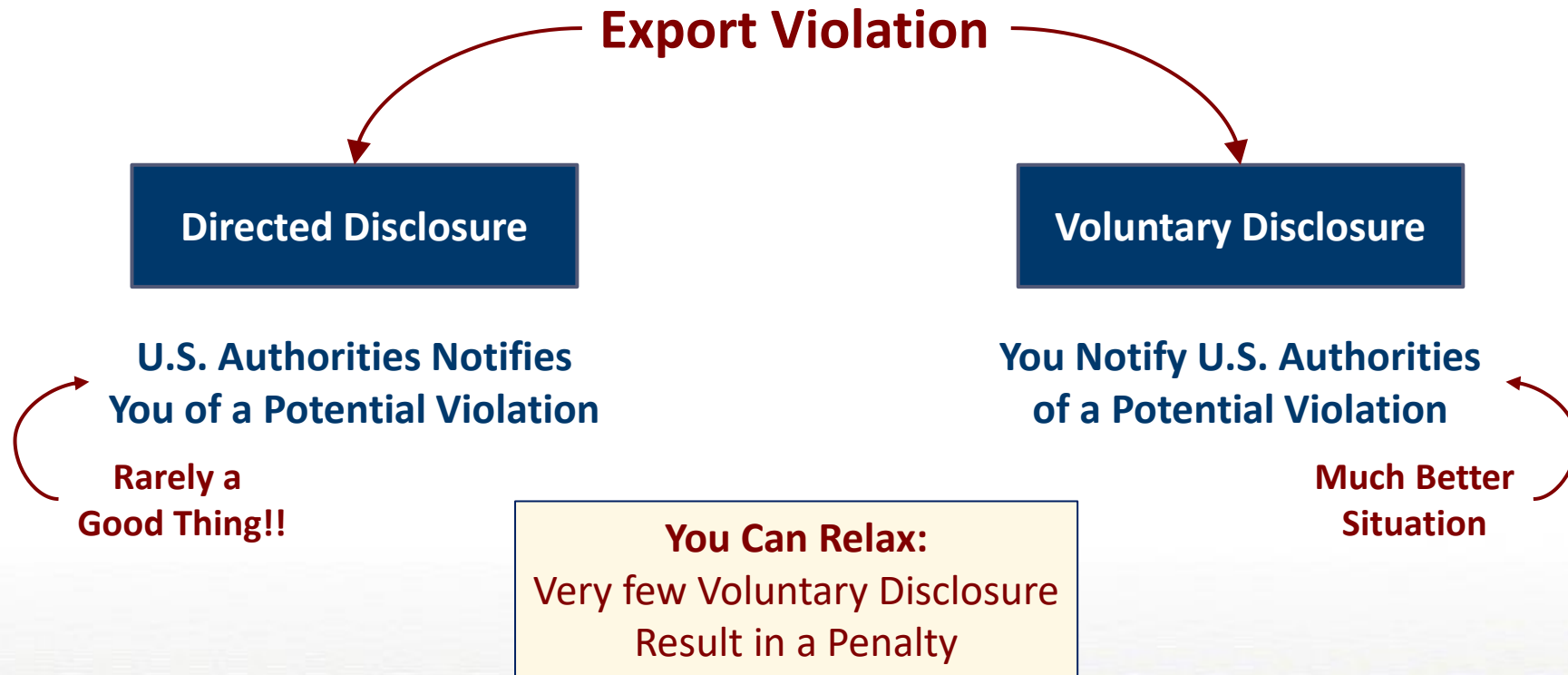
Compliance Section Summary



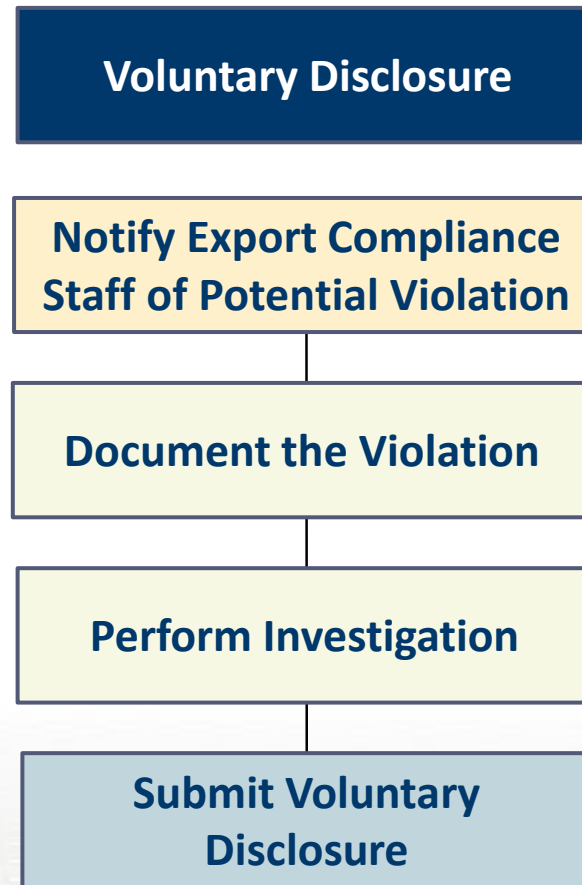
- Export compliance is everyone's responsibility.
- Understand and follow your organizations Technology Control Plan (TCP)
- Pay close attention to any provisos and conditions with an approval since they qualify the approved export authorization.
- Protect controlled technical data and not all information on the internet is considered public domain in relation to export compliance.
- Exports occur in many ways so be mindful of what you are conveying and to whom.
- Ask questions when you have them – the penalties for making an export mistake can be significant for your organization.

VIOLATIONS & VOLUNTARY DISCLOSURE

Types of Export Violations



Voluntary Disclosure



Potential Violation Penalties



REMAINING EXPORT COMPLIANT

- KNOW WHAT YOU ARE EXPORTING
- WHO YOU ARE EXPORTING TO
- ABIDE BY U.S. EXPORT REGULATIONS

Vast Majority – No Penalties

Individual Export Compliance Liability



- An individual is immune from liability for activities associated with their responsibilities as an employee.
- There is no immunity for actions taken by an employee which are outside the scope of employee's responsibilities or those taken with negative intent, in bad faith, or in a reckless manner.

WRAP-UP

Export Compliance Takeaways



- Export compliance is everyone's responsibility.
- Understand and follow your organizations Technology Control Plan (TCP)
- Protect export controlled technical data and not all information on the internet is considered public domain in relation to export compliance.
- Exports occur in many ways so be mindful of what you are conveying and to whom.
- Ask questions when you have them – the penalties for making an export mistake can be significant for your organization.

Thank You!



www.excelerate-inc.com
training@excelerate-inc.com